Polysome profile (SQZ10 cell)

Buffer & Reagents:

- 100mg/ml Ampicillin & 50mg/ml chloramphenicol (in ethanol)
- Lysozyme (10mg/ml H₂O solution, sigma, L6876)
- 10% Deoxycholate
- 10% sucrose (103.8mg/ml) 4.2g in 40ml buffer (final volume)
- 40% sucrose (470.6mg/ml) 18.8g in 40ml buffer (final volume)
- 50% sucrose (614.8mg/ml) 46.1g in 75ml H₂O (final volume)

Lysis buffer		<u>5ml</u>
20mM Tris-HCl,pH7.5	1M	100ul
15mM MgCl ₂	1M	75ul
400ug/ml chloramphenicol	50mg/ml	40ul
water		4.785ml
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Sucrose buffer		<u>40ml</u>
Sucrose buffer 20mM Tris-HCl,pH7.5	1M	40ml 0.8ml
	1M 1M	
20mM Tris-HCl,pH7.5		0.8ml
20mM Tris-HCl,pH7.5 15mM MgCl ₂	1M	0.8ml 0.4ml

- 1. Prepare 2ml O/N culture.
- 2. 1:100 dilute O/N culture in 100ml LB with 100ug/ml ampicillin and grow at 37° C until the absorbance reached A_{600} 0.5.
- 3. Add chloramphenicol (final concentration 100-400ug/ml) to the culture 5 min before harvesting. Place on ice immediately. Spin at 5000g for 10min (in the cold room).
- 4. Wash pellet with 1ml lysis buffer. Spin as above.
- 5. Resuspend cell in 0.5ml chilled lysis buffer contain 20mM Tris (pH7.5) and 15mM MgCl₂, 400ug/ml CM.
- 6. Lyse cell with 1mg/ml lysozyme (use Calbiochem lysozyme, Sigma's lysozyme contain too much RNase) and two freeze-thaw cycles in dry-ice ethanol bath.
- 7. Store at -80°C until the polysome analysis could conveniently be preformed.

- 8. Thaw carefully in ice water until the last bit of ice melted.
- 9. Add 25ul of 10% sodium deoxycholate (~0.5%), (freshly prepared). Incubate on ice for 20min.
- 10. Centrifuge at 16000g for 10min.
- 11. Measure the absorbance of the extracts at 260nm.
- 12. Load 18 -12 A_{260} onto 11ml 10-40% sucrose gradients in buffer containing 20mM Tris-HCl (pH7.5), 10mM MgCl₂, 100mM NH₄Cl and 2mM β -ME.
- 13. Centrifuge in a WS-41 rotor for 3.0hr at 39000rpm at 4℃.
- 14. Analyze gradients at 254nm by using an UA detector (ISCO) (sensitivity=1.0abs, chart speed=150 cm/hr).

